

# Material Safety Data Sheet

## DIPHOR\* DUO Insecticide

### Section 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY

**This product is classified as Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC Australia.**

**Not a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code.**

Ensystem Australasia Pty Ltd  
Unit 3, Junction Estate  
4 - 6 Junction Street  
AUBURN NSW 2144

13 35 36

**Substance:** ULV formulation of cypermethrin and other ingredients.

**Trade Name:** Diphor Duo Insecticide

**Product Use:** Insecticide for use as described on the product label.

**Creation Date:** December, 2004

**Revision Date:** November, 2009

### Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Statement of Hazardous Nature

This product is classified as: Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC Australia.

Not a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code.

**Risk Phrases:** R36. Irritating to eyes.

**Safety Phrases:** S25, S36/37. Avoid contact with eyes. Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

**SUSDP Classification:** S6

### Emergency Overview

**Physical Description & colour:** Clear yellowish brown liquid.

**Odour:** Mild chemical odour.

**Major Health Hazards:** The onset of symptoms varies depending upon the route of absorption and quantity involved. In patients with occupational poisoning, skin symptoms usually develop within 4-6 hours after exposure, with systemic symptoms occurring as late as 48 hours after exposure. Paraesthesia of the facial skin can develop about 30 minutes after exposure. It does not usually last beyond 24 hours when exposure is terminated. Following ingestion, the initial symptoms involve the gastrointestinal tract, developing 10-60 minutes after exposure. Patients suffering from acute oral poisoning usually develop prominent digestive symptoms such as epigastric pain, nausea and vomiting. The prognosis is good if treated, with usually full recovery even in severely poisoned patients. Eye irritant.

### Potential Health Effects

See section 11 for Chronic exposure studies.

#### Inhalation:

**Short term exposure:** Available data indicates that this product is not likely to be harmful. Product may be mildly irritating, although unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort.

#### Skin Contact:

**Short term exposure:** This product has low dermal toxicity. It may cause skin numbness. In sensitive persons it may be mildly irritating, but is unlikely to cause anything more than minor transient discomfort.

#### Eye Contact:

**Short term exposure:** This product is a moderate eye irritant. Symptoms may include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering. If exposure is brief, symptoms should disappear once exposure has ceased.

**Ingestion:**

**Short term exposure:** This product has low oral toxicity and is unlikely to cause irritation problems.

**Carcinogen Status:**

**NOHSC:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.

**NTP:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

**IARC:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

### Section 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	CAS No	Conc. %	TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Cypermethrin	52315-07-8	2.5	Not set	Not set
Aromatic hydrocarbon	64742-94-5	<20	100	Not set
Aromatic hydrocarbon	64742-65-0	<60	Not set	Not set
Calcium dodecylbenzene sulphonate	26264-06-2	< 6	Not set	Not set
Nonylphenol ethoxylate	9016-45-9	< 6	Not set	Not set

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non-hazardous ingredients are also possible. TWA = Time Weight Average; STEL = Short Term Exposure Standard.

### Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

**General Information:**

You should call a Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 11 26 from anywhere in Australia and is available at all times. Have this MSDS when you call.

**Inhalation:** No first aid measures normally required. However, if inhalation has occurred, and irritation has developed, remove to fresh air and observe until recovered. If irritation becomes painful or persists, seek medical advice.

**Skin Contact:** Irritation is unlikely but possible. If irritation does occur, flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until product is removed. If in doubt obtain medical advice.

**Eye Contact:** Quickly and gently blot or brush away product. Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water until the product is removed or until a few minutes after irritation has ceased, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical advice if irritation becomes painful or persists.

**Ingestion:** First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. DO NOT induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious patient.

### Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Combustible liquid. Flash point - 80°C. When heated above the flash point it releases vapours which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive. Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled.

**Extinguishing Media:** Foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, or dry chemical. Only use a soft stream water fog if necessary. Contain any run-off.

**Fire Fighting:** If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade. Isolate fire area and evacuate downwind residents. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe smoke, gases or vapours generated.

**Flash point:** Approx 80° Celsius.

### Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Accidental release:** In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Evacuate the spill area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Wear full protective clothing including face mask, face shield and gauntlets. All skin areas should be covered. See above under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include rubber, PVC, butyl rubber. Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled

containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. Full details regarding disposal of used containers, spillage and unused material may be found on the label. If there is any conflict between this MSDS and the label, instructions on the label prevail. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

## Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this MSDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

**Storage:** This product is an S5 Scheduled Poison. Observe all relevant regulations regarding sale, transport and storage of this class of poison. Store in the closed original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight and away from food, feed, and sources of ignition. Avoid excess heat.

Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under "Materials to avoid" in Section 10. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

This product is classified as C1 (Combustible Liquid) for the purposes of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State requirements for storage and transport.

## Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Industrial Clothing: **AS2919**, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

The ADI for cypermethrin is set at 0.05mg/kg/day. The corresponding NOEL is set at 4.7mg/kg/day. ADI means Acceptable Daily Intake and NOEL means No-observable-effect-level. Values taken from Australian ADI List, Dec 2002.

**Ventilation:** No special ventilation requirements are normally necessary for this product. However make sure that the work environment remains clean and that vapours and mists are minimised.

**Eye Protection:** Where potential for splashing or spray exists protective goggles or a face shield should be worn.

**Skin Protection:** Minimise skin contact by wearing long-sleeve uniform and trousers. Sensitive workers should wear impervious gloves and clothes. See below for suitable material types.

**Respirator:** Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above. Otherwise, not normally necessary.

## Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Physical Description &amp; colour:</b>	Yellowish brown coloured liquid.
<b>Odour:</b>	Mild chemical odour.
<b>Boiling Point:</b>	Not available.
<b>Freezing/Melting Point:</b>	< 0°C.
<b>Volatiles:</b>	Oil component.
<b>Flammability:</b>	Combustible liquid (C1).
<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	Approx 0.933 g/mL at 20°Celsius.
<b>Water Solubility:</b>	Oil base. Not dispersible in water.
<b>pH:</b>	No data. Typically 3 – 5.
<b>Flashpoint:</b>	Approx 80°Celsius.

## Section 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Avoid excess heat. Store in closed original container in dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight.

**Incompatibilities:** No particular incompatibilities.

**Fire Decomposition:** Decomposition products include carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen cyanide, chlorine and hydrogen chloride. Take appropriate protective measures. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

**Polymerisation:** This product is unlikely to undergo polymerisation processes.

## Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Acute Toxicity:** The LD<sub>50</sub> for cypermethrin is about 3184 mg/kg in rats. The LD<sub>50</sub> for rabbits whose skin is exposed to cypermethrin is greater than 2,000 mg/kg. Cypermethrin does not sensitise the skin of guinea pigs. Although it does not cause inflammation or irritation on human skin, it can cause a tingling sensation which lasts about 12 hours.

**Chronic Toxicity:** No information available.

**Teratogenic Effects:** Cypermethrin has not demonstrated any teratogenic effects at the levels tested.

**Mutagenic Effects:** No information was found.

**Carcinogenic Effects:** No carcinogenic status has been established for cypermethrin.

**Organ Toxicity:** Pyrethroids are poisons that affect the electrical impulses in nerves, over-stimulating nerve cells causing tremors and eventually causing paralysis at high doses.

**Fate in Humans and Animals:** Cypermethrin is absorbed through intact skin when applied topically. It undergoes similar modes of breakdown within animal systems as other pyrethroid insecticides. In mammals, it is rapidly broken down and promptly excreted. Cypermethrin is less toxic to warm-blooded animals, such as mammals and birds, than to cold-blooded animals.

## SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Like all pyrethroids, cypermethrin is extremely toxic to aquatic life, such as bluegill and lake trout while it is slightly toxic to bird species, such as mallards. Toxicity increases with higher water temperatures and acidity. Pyrethroids are fat soluble, but are easily degraded and thus do not accumulate in the body. Because cypermethrin has multiple sites in its structure that can be readily attacked in biological systems, it is unlikely that it will concentrate in the food chain.

### ENVIRONMENTAL FATE

Cypermethrin, breaks down in plants to produce a variety of products.

**Effects on Other Animals (Non-target species):** Cypermethrin is toxic to bees.

**Breakdown of Chemical in Soil & Groundwater:** Cypermethrin does not move in soils with large amounts of organic matter, clay and silt. It also has a low mobility in sandy soils that are low in organic matter. cypermethrin is relatively insoluble in water, so there are no concerns about groundwater contamination through leaching. Cypermethrin is rapidly degraded in soil with a half-life of 2 - 4 weeks depending on the soil type and the amount of air in the soil.

**Breakdown of Chemical in Vegetation:** Cypermethrin is not absorbed by plant foliage. It does not translocate in plants.

## Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal:** Instructions concerning the disposal of this product and its containers are given on the product label. These should be carefully followed.

## Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**ADG Code:** This product is NOT classified as a Dangerous Good. This product is classified as C1 (Combustible Liquid) for the purposes of storage.

Do not load with foodstuffs or foodstuff empties or oxidising agents.

## Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

**AICS:** All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are to be found in the public AICS Database.

## Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

**This MSDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.**

### Acronyms:

<b>ADG Code</b>	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail
<b>AICS</b>	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
<b>CAS number</b>	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
<b>Hazchem Number</b>	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services especially fire-fighters
<b>IARC</b>	International Agency for Research on Cancer
<b>NOHSC</b>	National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
<b>NOS</b>	Not otherwise specified
<b>NTP</b>	National Toxicology Program (USA)
<b>R-Phrase</b>	Risk Phrase
<b>SUSDP</b>	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs & Poisons
<b>UN Number</b>	United Nations Number

This MSDS summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Each user must review this MSDS in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact Ensysyex so we can attempt to obtain additional information from our suppliers

Our responsibility for products sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available on request.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.